



## **PERSONAL, SOCIAL, HEALTH AND ECONOMIC EDUCATION POLICY (PSHE) including Statutory Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education**

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Required to publish on website?	<b>Yes</b>
Statutory:	<b>Yes</b>

### **1. Policy Development**

This policy was developed by the school governors and the PSHE and RSE Lead, in consultation with HEP - Health Education Partnership.

### **2. Links to other School Policies**

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Safeguarding/Child Protection Policy
- Behaviour/Anti-Bullying Policy
- Online Safety Policy
- Equalities Policy
- SMSC Policy
- SEND Information Report
- Drugs, alcohol and smoking

### **3. Compliance with Statutory Requirements**

Guidance from the DfE under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017 makes RSE and Health Education statutory in all secondary schools. Our policy complies with the following statutory requirements and recommendations, as outlined and delivered through our PSHE curriculum:

- Relationships and Sex Education will be compulsory in all Secondary Schools (or those pupils receiving Secondary Education) – this includes academies, free schools and independent schools

- Health Education will be compulsory in all Secondary Schools (or those pupils receiving Secondary Education) – this includes all academies and free schools but not independent schools as PSHE is already statutory in these schools.

#### **4. Purpose of PSHE Policy**

This PSHE policy has been written as part of our statutory requirement to produce an RSE policy and sets out the following:

- Our approach to delivering statutory RSE and Health Education within a comprehensive PSHE curriculum, in line with non-statutory programmes of study.
- Our overall aims for delivering PSHE, including RSE, Health Education and Living in the Wider World
- Our definitions for RSE and Health Education
- Guidance for staff and outside visitors about approaches, organisation and content for our PSHE curriculum
- Information for parents and carers about what is taught and when in PSHE, along with specific information about their involvement with RSE and the right to withdraw
- Guidance for monitoring and evaluating PSHE, including arrangements for policy review

#### **5. Aims of Policy**

This policy outlines our commitment to providing pupils with the knowledge, skills and attributes needed to manage their lives, now and in the future. Delivering a broad and balanced life-skills PSHE curriculum, through our three strands of RSE, Health Education and Living in the Wider World (see Section 9), is essential for us in helping our young people to stay healthy and safe, while preparing them to make the most out of school, work and life. Through quality delivery, our PSHE programme aims to develop:

- confident individuals who know and understand how to live safe, happy, healthy, fulfilling lives;
- young people who are able to maintain positive, respectful and healthy relationships, within which they can thrive personally and socially;
- responsible citizens who understand they have rights and responsibilities that help them make a positive contribution to society; and
- successful learners who enjoy overall learning, making progress and achieving success

Further to this, the following aims will be achieved by providing pupils with the knowledge, skills, attitudes and attributes within the RSE elements of the programme, supporting them to be able to:

- develop confidence to talk, listen and think about feelings and relationships

- address concerns and correct misunderstandings and be able to protect themselves and ask for help
- develop positive attitudes and values and respect differences in opinions
- develop a positive self-image and high self esteem
- know about the importance of personal attributes such as honesty, integrity, courage, humility, kindness, generosity, trustworthiness and a sense of justice, underpinned by an understanding of the importance of self-respect and self-worth.
- develop skills to make and maintain healthy, nurturing and positive relationships of all kinds, including family relationships, friendships, intimate relationships and other kinds of relationships that are an equally important part of becoming a successful and happy adult.
- gain accurate knowledge and understanding about the facts and law about sex, sexuality, sexual health including contraception, and gender identity in an age-appropriate and inclusive way
- be clear about issues relating to consent within all relationships, including when developing intimate relationships, and resisting pressure and/or not applying pressure to have sex.
- develop personal responsibility for one's actions
- know where to get confidential advice and support

## **6. Definitions for RSE and Health Education**

### **6.1 Relationships and Sex Education (RSE)**

“RSE is learning about the emotional, social and physical aspects of growing up, relationships, sex, human sexuality and sexual health. It is learning about the physical, social, emotional and legal aspects of human relationships including friendships, intimate, sexual and committed relationships and family life. It should equip young people with the information, skills and positive values to have happy, healthy and safe relationships, to enjoy their sexuality, to take responsibility for their sexual health and well-being, now and in the future.”

### **6.2 Health Education**

“Health Education is learning about the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing and the equally important role that each of these play in our everyday lives. It explores the important role that physical health has on our mental health and vice versa. Health Education supports our young people to be happy, healthy and safe in their health-related choices and behaviours, both physically and mentally, now and in the future.”

## **7. Organisation of PSHE**

7.1 Timetable allocation: 45 or 50 minutes per week

7.2 Groupings: Whole Class in year 11 and form or smaller groups for the rest of the School (*see 9.6*)

7.3 Staff Involved: The course will be delivered by PSHE/Science Teacher and other outside visitors. It is important to note that where outside visitors help to deliver RSE they are not there to replace teachers but to enrich existing programmes by supporting the School.

7.4 Where taught: Dedicated PSHE lessons in a weekly 45 or 50 minute lesson.

## **8. Content of PSHE Curriculum:**

We deliver our comprehensive PSHE curriculum under the three areas:

- Relationships and Sex Education, including Sex Education in Statutory Science Curriculum
- Health Education
- Living in the Wider World

See our website for our PSHE Education Curriculum Overviews – [here](#)

### **8.1 Statutory Relationships, Health and Sex Education and the Science Curriculum Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) (KS 3 & 4: Age 11-16 years)**

- Families
- Respectful Relationships, including Friendships
- Online and Media
- Being Safe
- Intimate and Sexual Relationships, including Sexual Health

### **8.2 Statutory Science Curriculum (contributing to Sex Education alongside RSE) Key Stage 3 (age 11-14 years)**

Pupils should be taught about:

- *Reproduction*
  - ◆ reproduction in humans (as an example of a mammal), including the structure and function of the male and female reproductive systems, menstrual cycle (without details of hormones), gametes, fertilisation, gestation and birth, to include the effect of maternal lifestyle on the foetus through the placenta

### **8.3 Key Stage 4 (age 14-16 years)**

Pupils should be taught about:

- *Health, disease and the development of medicines;*
  - ◆ the relationship between health and disease

- ◆ communicable diseases including sexually transmitted infections in humans (including HIV/AIDs); non-communicable diseases; the impact of lifestyle factors on the incidence of non-communicable diseases.
- *Coordination and control;*
  - ◆ principles of hormonal coordination and control in humans, hormones in human reproduction, hormonal and non-hormonal methods of contraception
  - ◆ Evolution, inheritance and variation
  - ◆ sex determination in humans

#### **8.4 Health Education (KS 3 & 4: Age 11-16 years)**

- Mental Wellbeing
- Internet Safety and Harms
- Physical Health and Fitness
- Healthy Eating
- Drug, Alcohol and Tobacco
- Health and Prevention
- The Changing Adolescent Body (Puberty)

#### **8.5 Living in the Wider World (KS 3 & 4: age 11-16 years)**

- Economic Wellbeing
- Being a Responsible Citizen
- Careers

### **9. Approaches for Delivering Effective PSHE**

#### **9.1 Creating a Safe and Supportive Learning Environment**

PSHE often works within pupils' real life experiences, addressing a range of personal, social, emotional and health issues. A safe, supportive and respectful learning environment is created by establishing clear ground rules, developed and agreed with all pupils across the School, and referred to during PSHE lessons. This helps to secure an atmosphere within which pupils feel able to discuss concerns, feelings, sensitive issues.

#### **9.2 Confidentiality**

In the course of PSHE lessons, pupils may indicate in some way that they are vulnerable or at risk. In these circumstances staff are aware that they must refer to the Child Protection/Safeguarding policy to ensure that they are clear about what is required in such circumstances.

The School will ensure that pupils know that teachers cannot offer unconditional confidentiality and are reassured that their best interests will be maintained. They will be reminded that if confidentiality has to be broken, they will be informed first and then supported as appropriate. They are encouraged to talk to their parents or carers and are provided with support to do so.

The School will ensure that staff understand that they cannot offer unconditional confidentiality to pupils. They will work within the School's agreed procedure for recording and reporting disclosures and the nature of access to this information.

### **9.3 A Range of Learning Approaches**

Active and interactive engagement is most effective in PSHE. In every section of the course a variety of teaching and learning styles are used including videos, information sheets, pamphlets, textbooks, visual aids and models, games, role-play, interactive CD ROMS, the Internet and visits by theatre groups.

### **9.4 Relevant resources**

Resources will be assessed to ensure that they are current, relevant and appropriate to the age and maturity of pupils. They will take into account equality of opportunity through their use of language, cultural attitudes and images, avoiding stereotyping, racism and sexism.

### **9.5 Use of External Organisations**

We work with various external organisations to enhance the delivery of PSHE across our planned programme, in order to bring in specialist knowledge and different ways of engaging with our young people.

We work in partnership with all external organisations to ensure that the all activities and resources used are delivered in accordance with the aims of this policy and the content of our planned programme. All external contributors are made aware of our confidentiality and safeguarding policies to make sure that any safeguarding issues that arise are dealt with in line with school policy and procedure. All external contributions are used to complement the teaching delivered by our own staff, to enhance and enrich the the overall experience of our pupils.

### **9.6 Groupings**

The PSHE curriculum will be delivered through a variety of whole class lessons, smaller group work, tutor group sessions and where relevant, on one to one sessions.

### **9.7 Responding to Pupils' Questions**

It should be recognised that questions from pupils will be addressed and dealt with in the most appropriate manner and not disregarded. The form in which these questions are addressed may be in group activities, or on a one-to-one basis, as appropriate.

### **9.8 Meeting the Needs of SEND Pupils**

PSHE lessons are carefully planned to be accessible for our cohort. The SEND code of practice outlines the need for schools to prepare young people for adulthood outcomes. Our pupils are more vulnerable to exploitation and bullying which means that sensitive and

age-appropriate SRE and Health Education is an essential part of their learning. We will ensure that our curriculum is accessible to our pupils by using appropriate resources, small group work and providing CPD for teachers.

## **10. Specific Issues Related to Sex Education**

### **10.1 Engaging Parents/Carers and the Right to Withdraw from Sex Education**

On entry to the School, parents are invited to read the PSHE policy, including our approach to Relationships and Sex Education. This helps to establish consultation and a partnership with parents, which reinforces the dual responsibility for PSHE learning. We take every opportunity to inform and involve parents/carers in the following ways:

- By making our commitment clear in the School handbook/brochure
- By inviting parents/carers to discuss personal development when their child enters the School
- By inviting parents/carers to a meeting to discuss RSE in the School.

As such, parents are specifically made aware of their right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of the sex education we deliver within statutory RSE, but not from those lessons which fall under the statutory science curriculum (refer to section 8.1).

The parental right to withdraw their child applies up until three terms before their child turns 16. After that point, if the young person wishes to receive sex education rather than be withdrawn, they have the statutory right to request to do so without their parents being notified or seeking their permission. At these times, the School will make arrangements to provide the child with sex education during one of those three terms.

These are the only lessons that pupils can be withdrawn from:

*Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health and contraception  
Some elements of sex education are statutory. Learning about 'the changing adolescent body' is part of statutory Health Education. Science is also statutory, at Key Stage 3 and 4 this includes teaching about reproduction in humans, for example the structure and function of the male and female reproductive systems, menstrual cycles, gametes, fertilisation, gestation, birth and HIV/AIDS.*

Parents/carers do not have the right to withdraw their child from any lessons on Relationships or Health Education.

If a parent wishes to withdraw their child from Sex Education we ask that they discuss it with the Head Teacher and then complete a 'Request for Withdrawal from Sex Education Lessons' form, Appendix 1 of this policy, and send this to the headteacher. Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

### **10.2 Answering Pupils' Sex Education Questions**

We encourage curiosity in young people as it is an important part of their learning and they ask questions related to sex education, both in and outside of lessons. This means that

pupils who are withdrawn from a lesson may also ask a question in relation to sex education outside of the lesson time. We feel it is important to answer questions honestly, with factual information and in an age-appropriate way. If we have a concern with regards to safeguarding due to the nature of a question, we would follow our safeguarding procedures. We need to be mindful that young people who don't have their questions answered may look to other sources for information, such as the internet, which might provide inaccurate information.



## **11. An Inclusive Approach through a Moral and Values Framework**

As an inclusive school we value difference and diversity within our school community and the wider world. As such PSHE is delivered within the context of our school aims, values and moral framework, and equal opportunities policy, taking into account the following considerations:

- The School has duties under the Equalities Act, British Values, and the Ofsted framework and must reflect British Law
- Different faiths, beliefs, cultures and sexual orientation should be tolerated and not be the cause for prejudicial or discriminatory behaviour
- Respect for ourselves and others helps develop understanding of the need for non-exploitation within relationships
- We all have rights, duties and responsibilities, we need to know what these are and have the ability to exercise them
- Young people are growing up in a diverse world and will need to be able to work, live and play with people from all backgrounds
- Some pupils and staff will identify as LGBT+
- Families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures
- Some young people may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers)

We believe that pupils should receive comprehensive, balanced and accurate information that relates to their needs. The personal beliefs and attitudes of teachers will not influence the teaching of any elements of PSHE. For example, care is taken to ensure there is no stigmatisation of young people based on their different home circumstances when teaching about the importance of marriage, or stable relationships, for family life and bringing up children, or when considering the characteristics and legal status of other types of long term relationships.

Within the RSE elements of our programme, young people are supported and guided in life long learning about relationships, emotions, the human biology of sex, sexuality and sexual health. Along with parents and carers, we aim to help our young people to understand and manage their physical and emotional development in adolescence and prepare for the decisions to be made in adult life, and to learn the communication skills necessary to help them take increasing responsibility for their own sexual behaviour.

In exploring their own feelings and attitudes, and those of peers and the wider society, our pupils are able to develop values on which to base decisions about relationships, health and living in the wider world.

## **12. Assessing PSHE and Monitoring the Programme**

The PSHE Lead will be responsible for:

- Ensuring the policy and programmes are implemented as agreed
- Monitoring teaching within lessons through observations, team teaching, pupil work scrutiny and discussions with those involved
- Supporting staff to assess pupils' progress, in line with the School's assessment procedures
- Evaluation of the programme will be made by assessing the attitudes of the pupils, the development of their personal skills and the knowledge and understanding they have gained. Review forms part of the content and is an ongoing process. The views of pupils, staff and parents will be sought and taken into account as the programme develops and changes.
- Recommending targets for whole school development

### **13. Training staff to deliver PSHE**

It is important that staff delivering RSE work within the values framework of this policy and feel confident, skilled and knowledgeable to deliver effective RSE. Continuing professional development will be provided through a range of options: individual study and development/ in-house CPD/ external training courses. Training could include:

- What to teach and when
- Leading discussions about attitudes and values
- Information updates
- Practising a variety of teaching methods
- Facilitating group discussions
- Involving pupils in their own learning
- Managing sensitive issues

### **14. Disseminating and Monitoring the PSHE Policy**

A full copy of this policy will be published on the school website and made freely available to parents. Copies will also be supplied to other professionals whose work relates to PSHE or who may be involved in its delivery.

## APPENDIX 1

### SMBS PSHE Departmental Curriculum

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Yr 7	Health and Wellbeing - Healthy Lifestyle	Health and Wellbeing - My Identity	Emotions and Puberty	Project Based Learning - Animal Care	Relationships - Different Types of Relationships	Living in the Wider World - Discrimination
Yr 8	Living in the Wider World - Employment, Money and Me	Living in the Wider World - The Law, Me and my community	Health and Wellbeing - Drugs Education	Health and Wellbeing - Human Reproduction and Pregnancy	Relationships - Sex, sexuality and sexual orientation Discrimination	Relationships - Consent
Yr 9	Personal Action Planning and Emotional Wellbeing	Drugs Education	Personal Finance	Animal Care	Sex and Relationships Education	Applying for Jobs and Courses
Yr 10	Personal Action Planning	Emotional Wellbeing	Drugs Education	Sex and Relationships Education		Personal Finance
Yr 11	Personal Finance	Being a Critical Consumer	Applying for Jobs and Courses		Sex and Relationships Education	College Transition

## APPENDIX 2

### Parent/Carer form for withdrawal from Sex Education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS/CARERS			
Name of child		C	
Name of parent		D	
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education			
Any other information you would like the School to consider			
Parent/Carer signature			

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL	
Agreed actions from discussion with parents/carers	<i>Include notes from discussions with parents and agreed actions taken. For example, Joe Bloggs will be taking part in all relationships lessons and during the sex education lessons, he will be working independently on a project in the Year 7 classroom</i>